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Original Article

The Effectiveness of Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 concerning the Implementation of Discipline and Law Enforcement of Health Protocols as an Effort to Prevent and Control Covid 19 in Palu City

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Abstract

Background: The Increasing Cases of the Covid 19 Pandemic to Indonesia, As a form of emergency response, the Palu City Government of Central Sulawesi Province stipulated Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019. The purpose of this study is to Analyze in Depth the Effectiveness of Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 concerning the Implementation of Discipline and Law Enforcement of Health Protocols as an Effort to Prevent and Control Covid 19 in Palu City based on input, process and output factors.

Method: This study used qualitative design, informants came from the Health office, and the people of Palu City. Data collection was conducted through observation, in-depth interviews and document review. The informants in this study were the Head of the Legal Section and the Head of the Health Promotion Section of the Health Office and the community of Palu City, Central Sulawesi Province.

Results: BBased on input factors, including socialization and participation, funding, the target of law enforcement of health protocols has run well, then process factors such as the implementation of health protocols and sanctions, monitoring and evaluation, coaching and supervision then output factors such as implementing and complying with health protocols are still not running optimally.

Conclusion: Inputs, processes and outputs do not run in accordance with Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 because they are less firm and binding and coercive in the field and there are still communities, both individuals and business actors, who violate rules related to the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols. The suggestion is to be more assertive and remain consistent in providing education and awareness to the public in implementing health protocols, especially in the city of Palu.

INTRODUCTION

On December 31, 2019, the WHO China Country Office reported a case of pneumonia of unknown etiology in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China. On January 7, 2020, China identified pneumonia of unknown etiology as a new type of coronavirus (novel coronavirus). In early 2020, NCP began to become a global epidemic and became a health problem in several countries outside the PRC. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), cluster cases of pneumonia with unclear etiology in Wuhan City have become a health problem worldwide. The spread of this epidemic continued to grow until it was finally known that the cause of this pneumonia cluster was the Novel Coronavirus. The pandemic has continued to evolve until there have been reports of deaths and new cases outside China.

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On January 30, 2020, WHO designated COVID-19 as a Public Health Emergency of International Concern (PHEIC). (CDC.,2020) Currently the whole world is shocked by the presence of a new type of outbreak, namely Coronavirus Disease which has now disturbed the health of the world community and has a huge impact on all lives. Coronaviruses are a group of viruses from the subfamily orthocoronavirinae in the family coronaviridae and order nidovirale. This group of viruses can cause disease in birds and mammals, including humans. In humans, coronavirus causes respiratory infections that are generally mild. Like colds, although some forms of illness such as SARS, MERS and Covid-19 are deadly. (Rindam.,2020)

The world government asks all elements of society to try to keep up with information about the corona epidemic. The reason is, this virus has spread to more than 110 countries since December 2019. Countries that have had many cases have issued new regulations to prevent public health emergencies that are troubling the world as mandated in regulations. The spread of coronavirus disease 2019 in Indonesia is currently increasing and expanding across regions and across countries accompanied by the number of cases or the number of deaths. The increase has an impact on political, economic, socio-cultural, security and public welfare. (Sylvia H.,2020) In terms of law enforcement, the Indonesian government based on Law Number 6 of 2018 concerning Health Quarantine, is obliged to announce areas infected with the disease in the community. This means that the government is obliged to disclose the type and spread of potentially contagious or spreading diseases in a short time and name the areas that are the source of transmission. However, the fact is that the government in responding to the spread of the COVID-19 virus still seems slow. (Rezky P.,2020) . As of November 10, 2021, the Government of the Republic of Indonesia has reported 4,249,323 people confirmed with COVID-19. There have been 143,592 reported COVID-19-related deaths and 4,096,194 patients have recovered from the disease. WHO is working closely with the Government of Indonesia to monitor the situation and prevent further spread of the disease. (WHO,2022)

Currently, the government is making various efforts to deal with the COVID-19 virus by carrying out various existing policies. The COVID-19 pandemic has hit all parts of the world which has impacted several aspects of life such as health, education and also the economy. The government is doing this in an effort to protect the public from the spread and transmission of covid 19. Some policies carried out by the government such as large-scale social restrictions include workplace restrictions, school restrictions, public places, tourism places, places of worship. In addition, the government also makes efforts to provide social assistance, provide incentive funds for health workers, implement policies to wear masks for everyone, and comply with health protocols in various places. Therefore, one of the efforts made by this government is to overcome the pandemic by vaccinating. (Makmun &; Hazhiyah, 2020).

In Central Sulawesi alone, cases with the status of people with monitoring (mild symptoms and close contact with confirmed patients with covid 19) amounted to 102 people with PDP (patients with monitoring), 28 people died, 1 person. (Central Sulawesi Provincial Health Office 2020). The Central Sulawesi Covid-19 Center in January 2021 stated that the highest number of active cases were in Palu City with 784 undergoing treatment at referral hospitals and self-isolation. The second position is occupied by Morowali Regency which recorded 379 cases, followed by Parigi Moutong Regency with 178. (Pusdatin Covid 19 Central Sulawesi 2021).

In the city of Palu, Central Sulawesi Province, as a form of emergency response to the Covid-19 pandemic in Indonesia, considering Law Number 4 of 1994 concerning the Establishment of Level II Regional Municipalities of Palu (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 1994 Number 38, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3555). Law number 23 of 2014 concerning local government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 number 244, supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia number 5587) as last amended by Law number 9 of 2015 concerning the Second Amendment to Law Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government, Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 20 of 2020 concerning the Acceleration of Handling Corona Virus Disease 2019 within Local Government (State News Republic of Indonesia in 2020 number 249) stipulates Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019. Based on the above problems, researchers are interested in doing so with the aim of analyzing the effectiveness of Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 concerning the Implementation of Discipline and Law Enforcement of Health Protocols as an Effort to Prevent and Control Covid 19 in Palu City.

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METHOD

In this study, the approach taken is qualitative. In this study, the author took the research location in Palu City, Central Sulawesi Province, while the time for this research began in May and April 2022. In this study, predetermined research informants have a role in the strategy process. The research subjects are as follows: The key informant in this study is the Palu City Health Office of Central Sulawesi Province who is willing to participate in this study. The usual informants in this study are the Civil Service Police Unit, communication and informatics offices, sub-districts and kelurahan, regional personnel and human resource development agencies, cooperative and MSME offices and manpower and trade and industry offices of Palu city, Central Sulawesi province and meet the criteria and informant retrieval is carried out by snowball sampling technique where informants are taken according to criteria determined by researchers and the number of informants obtained during the study. The criteria for research informants are: willing to be used as informants and people in charge of carrying out Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020. Also, supporting informants in this study are the Mayor of Palu, the Community, Elements of the Indonesian National Army and the Palu City Police of Central Sulawesi Province.

The source of the data in this study is the subject from which the data was obtained. Data sources in this study are very important and needed for the smooth running of this research, so objective and relevant data is needed. The sources of data used in this study are; The main data sources (primary data) in qualitative research are words and actions, the rest are additional data such as documents etc. Words and actions are data sources obtained from the field by observing or interviewing (Moleong, 2010: 157). Based on the description above, to obtain direct information about the implementation of Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019 in Palu City, data collection in this study was carried out using semi-structured interview techniques and documentation.

Interviews were conducted with the Head of the Health Office, Civil Service Police Unit, communication and information office, sub-districts and sub-districts, personnel and regional human resource development agencies, cooperative and MSME offices and manpower and trade and industry offices, Palu City, Central Sulawesi Province. Secondary data is data obtained from reading sources and various other sources consisting of personal letters, diaries, minutes of association meetings, to official documents from various government agencies. Researchers use this secondary data to substantiate findings and supplement information that has been collected through direct interviews with informants. Researchers use secondary data, namely articles about policies, journals about guardian policies, rules and regulations governing guardian policies.

Also, the data analysis techniques carried out are data reduction, data display and conclusion drawing or verification.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results of an interview with the Head of the Health Promotion Section of the Palu City Health Office about the Background to the birth of Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 is that initially the city of Palu entered level 3 before the issuance of the guardian, we from the Health Office and all its staff in fourteen puskesmas have implemented health protocol discipline, all employees who enter carry out work activities using complete personal protective equipment in the puskesmas, Likewise, visitors in this case people who come to the puskesmas have also implemented health protocols in the form of masks, hand washing stations, masks and hand sanitizers have been prepared, also during the implementation of health services in the afternoon health protocols are still carried out.

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"The point is that the Health office has tried as hard as possible in every activity, be it posyandu activities, meetings, and we are trying to convey to the community the importance of implementing health protocols. " (Fahruddin)

Furthermore, the issuance of regulations related to the enforcement of health protocol discipline is basically the aim is to coordinate all cross-sectors involved, including PP police officers, OPD, police, army, all related elements and also the Health service.

In terms of arrangements related to these tasks and functions, which from several cross-sectors need to be regulated jointly, it is determined through Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020. In it, the fields of discipline enforcement have been regulated and then the field of socialization in the guardian so as to clarify the duties and functions of each related sector.

INPUT

Inputs for the implementation of Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019 include:

Socialization and participation

"In the Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019 in chapter IV Article 11 concerning Socialization and Participation which reads that the Health Office, Communication and Information Office, Sub-districts and Sub-districts conduct socialization related to information / education on how to prevent and control COVID-19 to the community."

From the results of an interview with the head of the Health Promotion Section of the Palu City Health Office, it was explained that after the issuance of a guardian issued by the mayor of Palu, we together with the relevant Regional Apparatus Organizations, civil service police units, police and the Army, we have gone down to comb conveying information to everyone, be it street vendors, then shops, shops and without exception, we also participated with OPD. CRegarding each OPD, we enter to see the extent to which the OPD implements health protocols, in this case, the Health office and several related OPDs make preventive efforts to prevent the spread of the covid 19 virus.

The instructions of the mayor of Palu have come down to OPD, we from the Health office and puskesmas have procured masks and so on we have tried. Especially for people who have just arrived in Palu, we instruct sub-districts and sub-districts to provide education to those who have just arrived to self-isolate as an effort to break the chain of spread of covid 19. (Fahruddin)

So if there is a kelurahan area that increases cases, then immediately report to the local government through the covid 19 task force formed to respond quickly and be handled according to existing SOPs.

Then in the second point in the same chapter, the Regional Human Resources Development and Personnel Agency conducts socialization related to information or education on how to prevent and control COVID-19 to state civil servants within the local government.

We through the Health office appeal to all state civil apparatuses to carry out health protocols while working, so all have carried it out in the morning until evening after the work activities in the OPD are completed, all employees are arranged to enter the office schedule so some work from home and some enter work with a predetermined time limit with the aim of avoiding crowds and excessive mobility.

Furthermore, in the third point, the Cooperative Office, micro, small and medium enterprises, and manpower and the trade and industry office conducted socialization related to information or education on how to prevent and control COVID-19 to business actors, managers, organizers, or persons in charge of public places and facilities.

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From the results of interviews with the Health office, namely the instructions of the Mayor of Palu, instructed all OPD to go to the relevant field to call on the community, especially MSME actors, to carry out health protocols and mandatory self-isolation for residents who have just arrived from outside the city of Palu.

The Health Office together with related agencies came to the market to appeal to the importance of health protocols. The trade office and other agencies wrote to the health office to ask for assistance in procuring masks. So we are tightening and collaborating with the trade office and other agencies to collaborate in carrying out health protocol rules to prevent the spread of covid 19 in the city of Palu.

Also, all individual business actors, groups from small, medium and upper scale, we urge them to carry out the rules of health protocols, by providing hand sanitizers, hand washing stations, and also temperature measuring devices, so that every visitor who comes is directed to wash their hands immediately, wear masks and measure their temperatures directly.

And the last point that reads, namely In the implementation of socialization as referred to in paragraph 1, the local government involves elements of the Indonesian national army and the Indonesian national police as well as the participation and participation of the community, religious leaders, customary institutions, community leaders and the K-5 task force.

The Palu City Health Office every time we carry out operations to the location of business locations, both individuals and groups, they are always accompanied by civil service police units, police and soldiers, but the challenges in the field When we want to go down, there are conditions, sometimes we immediately do surprise inspections without being known to business owners and residents or visitors to the place, but sometimes there are situations before we go down to do judicial operations or sudden inspections and then leak in the field So that when the operation was carried out, the visitors who crowded the business location had dispersed.

Funding

All costs required to implement this mayoral regulation shall be charged to the regional revenue and expenditure budget, and other legal and non-binding sources in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

From the results of interviews with the Health office, the funding process in carrying out this mayoral regulation has a section that handles such as the procurement of masks, hand sanitizers and others. So the budget comes from the regional revenue budget of the city of Palu.

We from the Health promotion section as the spearhead of conveying information to the community, providing education both via mobile and every meeting we are always present there at every opportunity at several locations to convey and appeal to all residents, business owners to be obedient and orderly in carrying out health protocols in order to prevent the spread of covid 19 in the city of Palu. *From the conclusions obtained that the budgeting process is in accordance with applicable standard operating procedures, budgeted according to the needs in the field.*

Target of health protocol law enforcement

In carrying out law enforcement of health protocols, binding rules are needed in the form of regulations issued by local governments and also public awareness in implementing health protocols as part of preventing the spread of covid 19 in an area.

The target of health protocol law enforcement is the entire community of Palu City without exception, both those who have the status of civil servants, private sector, community leaders, public officials, small and medium enterprises, entrepreneurs and others.

All are required to obey and orderly carry out the rules of health protocols, namely wearing masks when out on activities, washing hands with soap or hand sanitizer before and after activities or

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work then maintaining a distance of at least one meter and limiting mobility in accordance with applicable regulations. The target of law enforcement of health protocols runs well according to applicable regulations, namely all people with various professional backgrounds in the city of Palu without exception, health protocols such as wearing masks, washing hands with soap or hand sanitizer and maintaining distance must be implemented based on awareness from within and existing regulations, especially when doing activities or working in daily life.

PROCESS

The process of implementing Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019 includes:

Implementation of Health protocol enforcement

The implementation of health protocol enforcement in chapter three through article three, namely the subject of this regulation includes: individuals (Doing 4M, namely wearing masks, washing hands with soap or hand sanitizer, maintaining a distance of at least 1 meter and limiting mobility), business actors (preparing 4M facilities and infrastructure for employees and visitors who come) and managers, organizers, or persons in charge of public places and facilities (preparing 4M facilities and infrastructure for employees and visitors who came).

"From the results of interviews with the Health office, it was said that we carried out judicial operations with related OPDs in the morning, then we went down to give an appeal about the implementation of health protocols."

We conduct sweeps on the streets for riders who do not wear masks, do not wear medical equipment both two- and four-wheeled riders.

"For 2021, since the issuance of this guardianship with related OPDs, we have intensively participated in every activity that has carried out health protocol education in markets such as laswani markets, presidential markets to the tawaeni area together with the civil service police unit, and these activities are informed by the Palu Communication and Information Service."

In 2022 we in the city of Palu are at level one for how many weeks then it increases again, then we go down to carry out judicial operations in the field. Then the majority of people can use masks and wash their hands with soap or hand sanitizer, but if you maintain distance, it is a bit difficult.

There are some people who do not obey health protocols that we can handle properly with the help of the police and TNI. So far, the Health department has carried out surprise inspections accompanying the team that went down to carry out judicial operations in several places such as nightlife venues and others but sometimes leaked so that by the time we went to the location everything had dispersed. However, in reality on the ground, there are still residents who are not aware even though they have been given socialization in the form of counseling and health education, do not implement health protocol rules such as wearing masks, washing hands before and after activities and maintaining a distance of at least one meter, and limiting mobility.

Such as in public places such as vatulemo field which is used by residents for sports activities and traditional market markets where economic turnover processes occur such as buying and selling transactions between sellers, in this case traders and buyers, namely community consumers. On this occasion, researchers conducted an interview with one of the people who carried out buying and selling transactions at the Palu City Inpres Market and asked why they did not wear masks and carry out health protocol rules.

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"I didn't wear a mask because I forgot, hurry to go to the grocery shopping market." (Rn, 45 yrs)

"I was wearing a mask, but I opened it again because it was uncomfortable when riding a motorcycle." (Al, 38 years old)

From the interview above, it turns out that there are still people who have not been disciplined in wearing masks in carrying out their activities, for the reason they forget to wear them, they may understand the prevention of covid 19 by implementing health protocols, but most of them are not aware and disciplined in complying with health protocols, such as wearing masks.

The majority of people may already know information regarding the implementation of health protocols such as wearing masks, washing hands with soap or hand sanitizers, maintaining a distance of at least one meter and limiting mobility or movement in daily activities but in reality in the field there are disciplined in implementing health protocols but the majority of people are still not disciplined in implementing them for various reasons submitted.

Therefore, the implementation of mayoral regulation Number 19 of 2020 concerning the Implementation of Discipline and Law Enforcement of Health Protocols as an Effort to Prevent and Control Covid 19 in the city of Palu has not been effective because although the government through related agencies collaborates with civil service police units, the police and the TNI in urging all people to obey in implementing health protocols, there are still people who have not been disciplined in implementing protocols Health in their daily activities, although they get information related to the obligation to carry out health protocols, they do not have the awareness to carry it out.

Implementation of sanctions for violations of the implementation of health protocols

In article five, namely in paragraph one, individuals, business actors, managers, organizers or persons in charge of public places and facilities that violate the obligations as referred to in article four are subject to sanctions. For From the Palu City Health Office through the Head of the Health Promotion Section of the Palu City Health Office, the results of the interview we conducted that "*We provide administrative and social sanctions for violations of health protocols Together with the civil service police unit, in accordance with what is in this mayor regulation from verbal, written reprimands, if we commit violations we call those who have businesses to close the place of business." (Fahruddin)*

Then it also becomes the legal basis for applying sanctions, something that we cannot apply sanctions if there is nothing to regulate there must be rules first and then a sanction can be applied, *even then the sanctions applied are only in the form of social sanctions such as service work, providing masks including light sanctions for violations of discipline in enforcing health protocols in terms of preventing covid 19.*

For example, there are people who come out of the house not using masks, then business actors who already know the guardian rules related to activity hours from so many hours to so many hours with the method of not eating on the spot, so that if it is not applied then all of them will be sanctioned. So that the sanctions imposed are enforced, there are basically all the purposes, why there must be regulations related to the policy of implementing health protocol discipline, on the other hand, the factor of increasing Covid 19 cases in Palu.

From the results of an interview with the legal section of the Palu City Health Office, he explained *that based on the results of his observations that with the existence of the guardian, it must be followed up by the relevant sector sector, to take their approach to the field, conduct surveys and supervision to entrepreneurs, entrepreneurs make observations of supervision in every activity, both social activities and sports activities.*

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In administrative fines in the form of temporary suspension of business operations and revocation of business licenses if they violate the implementation of health protocols for business actors operating in the city of Palu, starting from the revocation of identity cards for restaurant and café entrepreneurs in the city of Palu, Central Sulawesi province who do not implement health protocols and are also threatened with having their business licenses revoked. For example, violations committed by restaurants, if they have been reprimanded several times, but still do not heed, their business licenses will be revoked, but they are still operating, their business licenses will be revoked, but they are still operating, their ID cards and other rights will also be revoked.

However, in reality, what happens in the field for individuals, in this case, unscrupulous residents of Palu City, Central Sulawesi Province, who still do not implement the health protocol rules, are still wandering around without getting strict sanctions from the government through related agencies.

Therefore, the implementation of sanctions for violations of health protocols in the city of Palu as an Effort to Prevent and Control Covid 19 is still not effective because of the lack of firmness of the government through its regional apparatus organization with the security forces in implementing these sanctions so that there are still people who violate and do not get sanctions according to the type of violation violated. Then, even though there are people who violate and then get these sanctions, they still continue to violate health protocol rules for various reasons.

Monitoring and evaluation

Article 7 Chapter IV The Mayor assigns the relevant regional apparatus to monitor and evaluate the implementation of the mayor's regulations, monitoring the evaluation as referred to in paragraph 1 is coordinated by the regional secretary.

The regional secretariat then instructed the regional, sub-district and sub-district officials for the prevention and control of covid 19. From the results of interviews with the Health *office, the Health Office with all OPD monitors and evaluates every month the extent of the implementation of health protocols carried out by the community in the city of Palu.*

Throughout our respective work environments, from the Health office in 14 puskesmas because in puskesmas there is also health promotion, there are UKP personnel, so that not only people who come to posyandu and puskesmas to seek treatment in every activity that is carried out in direct contact with our community from the Health office, together with their staff, they always evaluate the extent of health efforts made to prevent an increase case.

From the Health office, together with friends who are at the puskesmas, do screening, both at the time of vaccination, then activities if it is known that there are new people visiting from outside to break the chain, friends from the puskesmas immediately go down.

So that Alhamdulillah, at this time our monitoring efforts in the field are quite good, our cooperation from the puskesmas with the village is also thank God, it is good, if there is a community suspected of being confirmed, the community immediately conveys it to the puskesmas so that the puskesmas immediately goes down and handles it quickly so that it does not spread covid 19 cases.

Overall, monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of Palu Mayor Regulation Number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols carried out every month is running well in collaboration with other component components such as puskesmas, posyandu, local governments such as kelurahan and others.

Coaching and Supervision

Article 8 chapter 5 concerning coaching, prevention and control of COVID-19 includes socialization and coordination, provision of guidelines, consultation, monitoring and evaluation,

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guidance as referred to in paragraph 1 includes: 1). dissemination of information and dissemination through print and electronic media. 2). Coordination with all agencies, elements of community organizations, K5 task force, Education Circles, community leaders and religious leaders. 3). Motivate and build community participation and initiatives to implement PHBS and collaborate with national and international agencies or institutions in efforts to prevent and control COVID-19.

The Health Office collaborates with the communication and information office on the dissemination of information and dissemination through print and electronic media related to the implementation of health protocol discipline in the city of Palu, Central Sulawesi province.

Then involve all community leaders, religious leaders and others in providing education and understanding the importance of implementing health protocol discipline with the aim of reducing the number of covid 19 cases in the city of Palu.

If like Clean and Healthy Living Behavior We in the Health office there are several sections here from MCH, Nutrition is from P2 not only health promotion although its role is strong in educating the community.

So that at this time we also go to schools, schools provide education, especially the current condition that Covid 19 has spread to students, so that puskesmas actively comes down to providing education and maximizing the role of UKS in schools. As I said, the health department cannot work alone, it must collaborate in collaboration with all OPD and the community.

Output

The output of the implementation of Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019 is how all communities, both individuals, business actors, managers, organizers or persons in charge of public facilities with self-awareness obey, obey and are able to implement health protocol rules during the covid 19 pandemic, especially in the city of Palu, Sulawesi province middle. Based on the rules of the Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 2020 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols in its implementation in the field is still not optimal and not perfect what is expected, what is the substance or basis of the order in each article of the article of the rule, especially the application of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols is still not fully implemented, Because there are still unscrupulous residents of Palu City who do not comply with this rule, as well as the indecision of the government through related agencies in implementing health protocol law enforcement sanctions.

CONCLUSION

Based on the description that the researcher has previously described, the following conclusions can be drawn; 1). The implementation of Palu Mayor Regulation number 19 of 202 concerning the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols as an effort to prevent and control corona virus disease 2019 related to the implementation and application of sanctions for violations of the implementation of health protocols that have been made by the Palu City government is not optimal or effective, because it is less firm and binding and coercive in the field and there are also still communities, both individuals and business actors who Violating the rules of the Guardian of Palu regarding the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols. 2). So far, Covid 19 has had many negative impacts on the joints of people's lives both in Indonesia and especially in Palu City. The impact caused by Covid 19, especially in Palu City itself, has an impact on the education aspect where the online learning system during the Covid 19 pandemic makes it difficult for parents of students to meet their children's learning quotas, also has an impact on economic aspects in the accommodation, food and drink, company services, and transportation sectors and has an impact on political aspects and other aspects.

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RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the results of the study above, the researcher gave several suggestions: 1). All forms of Palu Mayor Regulations such as those related to the implementation of discipline and law enforcement of health protocols must be firmer and remain consistent in providing education and awareness to the public in implementing health protocols, especially in the city of Palu. 2). The Palu City Government should be able to minimize various negative impacts arising from the outbreak of the Covid-19 outbreak. In terms of the economy, for example, the Palu City government must be able to revive the economic downturn that weakened during the Covid-19 pandemic and be able to overcome various problems that arise in people's lives. The community also needs to raise legal awareness of themselves regarding the dangers of the impact of the Covid 19 outbreak.

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